WARRANTY

Dear Customer.

You are now the privileged owner of Transducer a product that ranks the first of its kind in the world.

Company provides 12 months warranty from the original date of purchase against defective material and workmanship.

In the unlikely event of failure of this Transducer within the warranty period, Company will repair the Transducer free of charge. Please hand over the Transducer to the dealer / Stockiest from whom you have purchased along with this card and relevant cash memo / Invoice. This warranty entitles you to bring the Transducer at your cost to the nearest stockiest / dealer and collect it after repairs.

NO TRANSPORTATION CHARGES WILL BE REIMBURSED

The warranty is not valid in following cases:

- 1) Warranty card duly signed / stamped and original cash memo / invoice are not sent along with the Transducer.
- 2) Complete warranty card is not presented to authorised person at the time of repairs.
- 3) Transducer not used as per the instruction in the user manual.
- 4) Defect caused by misuse, negligence, accidents, tampering and acts of god.
- 5) Improper repairing by any person not authorised by the company.
- 6) Any sort of modification, alteration is made in electrical circuitry.

7) Seal provided inside is broken.

In case of dispute to the validity of warranty, the decision of Company's service center will be final.

If you bought this Transducer directly from the company, and if you notice transit Damage, then you must obtain the insurance surveyors report and forward it to Company.

Thank you.

(To be filled by authorized de	aler)	Scope of Supply:
Model No.	:	
Serial Number	:	 Transducer Instruction manual
Date of Purchase	:	 Test Certificate Warranty Card
Cash Memo / Invoice No.	:	5) RS-232 Interface
Dealer's Signature	:	Cable* 6) Software*
Dealer's Stamp	:	* Only with Theta 40 Transducer

Operating Instructions Isolating amplifier Transducer THETA 601



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Operating Instructions Isolating amplifier Transducer THETA 601

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1. Read first and then

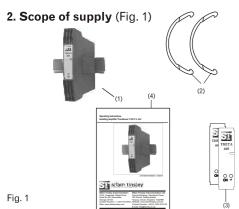


device assumes that the Operating Instructions are read and the safety warnings given in the various sections 9. Mounting 10. Electrical Connections 11. Commissioning

The proper and safe operation of the

are observed.

The device should only be handled by appropriately trained personnel who are familiar within and authorised to work in electrical installations.



Isolating amplifier (1)

- 2 Withdrawing handle (2) (for withdrawing the device from its housing)
- 2 Front plates 3) (for notes)
- 1. Operating Instructions (4)

2	Ordering.	Information
- a.	Orderind	Information

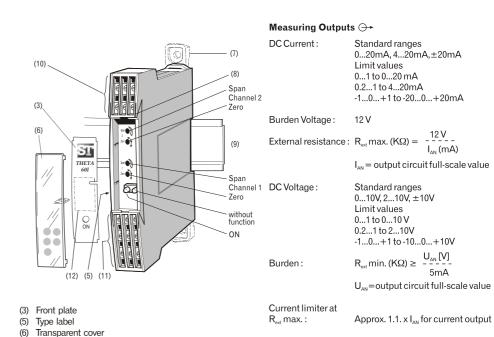
DESCRIPTION	MARKING
1. Mechanical design Housing S17	808 - 1
2. Number of channels 2 channels	2
3. Version / Power supply — O Standard, 24 60 V DC/AC Standard, 85 230 V DC/AC	1 2
 Function puts, 2 electrically insulated outputs input, 2 electrically insulated outputs 	2 3
5. Input signal, input 1 → input [V] acc. to type label input [mA] acc. to type label	9 Z
6. Output signal, output 1 ⊖→ output [V] acc. to type label output [mA] acc. to type label	9 Z
7. Input signal, input 2 → Without input 2 input [V] acc. to type label input [mA] acc. to type label	0 9 Z
8. Output signal, output 2 ↔ output [V] acc. to type label output [mA] acc. to type label	9 Z

4. Brief description

The purpose of the isolating amplifier THETA 60I Transducer is to electrically insulate input and output signals, respectively to amplify and/or change the signal level or type (current or voltage) of the input signals.

5. Overview of the parts

Figure 2 shows those parts of the device of consequence for mounting, electrical connections and other operations described in the Operating instructions.



6. Technical Data Measuring Input -->

(8) Opening for withdrawing clip (for opening the housing)

(9) Top-hat rail 35 x 15 mm or 35 x 7.5 mm (EN 50 022)

ON Green LED for indicating device standing by

(7) Fixing bracket

(10) Terminals

(11) Terminals

(12) Space for notes

DC Current : Limit values 0...0.1 to 0...40 mA also live-zero. start value >0 to \leq 50% final value -0.1...0...+0.1 to -20...0...+20mA also bipolar asymmetrical max. span : ≤40 mA $R = 15\Omega$ DC Voltage : Limit values 0...0.06 to 0...40 mA also live-zero. start value >0 to \leq 50% final value (-0.06...0...+0.06 to -20...0...+20 V) max. span : ≤40 V $R_i = 100 K\Omega$

Overload : DC current Continuously 2-fold DC voltage Continuously 2-fold

Power supply $H \rightarrow O$

Voltage limiter at

Residual ripple in

Output current :

Response time :

R_{ext}∞ :

AC/DC power pack (DC and 45...400 Hz)

Table 1 : Nominal voltages and tolerances

Nominal voltage U_{N}	Tolerance
24 60 V DC / AC	DC - 15 + 33 %
85 230 V ¹ DC / AC	AC ±15%

Approx. 13 V

< 0.5 % p.p.

< 50 ms

12 V

I_{AN} (mA)

5mA

¹ For power supplies > 125 V, the auxiliary circuit should include an external fuse with a rating \leq 20 A D.C.

Power input : \leq 1.2 W resp. \leq 3VA

Accuracy data (acc. to DIN/IEC 770)

Basic accuracy :	Limit error ≤± 0.2%
,	Including linearity and
	reproducibility errors

Installation data

Terminals :

DIN/VDE 0609 Screw terminals with wire guards, for light PVC wiring and max. 2 x 0.75 mm² or 1 x 2.5 mm²

Permissible Vibrations : 2 g acc. to EN 60 068-2-6 Shocks: 3 x 50 g

2 shocks each in 6 directions Acc. to EN 60 068-2-27

Electrical insulation : All circuits (measuring inputs/ measuring outputs / power supply) are electrically insulated

Regulation

Hosing protection (acc. to IEC 529 resp. EN 60529) : IP 40 Terminals : IP 20

Electrical standards: Acc. to IEC1010 resp. EN61 010

Test voltage : Power supply versus : - all 3.7 kV, 50 Hz, 1 min.

> Measuring inputs versus : - measuring outputs 2.3 kV. 50 Hz, 1 min.

Measuring inputs 1 versus : - measuring input 2 2.3 kV, 50 Hz, 1 min.

Measuring output 1 versus : - measuring output 2 2.3 kV, 50 Hz, 1 min.

Environmental conditions

Climatic rating :	Climate class 3Z acc. to VDI/VDE 3540
Commissioning	
Temperature :	-10 to +55°C
Operating	
Temperature :	-25 to +55°C
Storage Temp. :	-40 to +70°C
Annual mean	
Relative humidity :	≤ 75 %
Operating Temperature : Storage Temp. : Annual mean	-25 to +55°C -40 to +70°C

7. Exchanging front plates

Apply gentle pressure to the transparent cover as shown in Fig. 3 until pops out on the opposite side. The label in the cover can be replaced and used for notes. After replacing the label in the transparent cover, the transparent cover can be snapped into the front of the device again. This is done by inserting it behind the edge at the bottom and pressing it gently down and to the rear with the finger until it snaps into place (right side of Fig. 3)

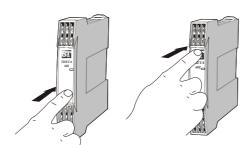
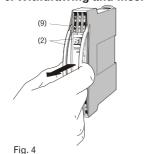


Fig. 3 Left : Removing the transparent cover Right : Inserting the transparent cover.

8. Withdrawing and inserting the device



Insert the withdrawing handles (2) into the openings (9) until they snap into place. Withdraw the front part together with the main PCB out of the housing. To reassemble the unit, insert the front part together with the main PCB the housing until the swallowtailed sections engage in each other.

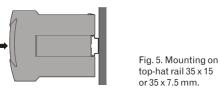
9. Mounting

The Ziegler Transducer TV 808 can be mounted either on a top-hat rail or directly onto a wall or mounting plate.

	Make sure that the ambient temperature stays within the permissible limits : -25 and +55 $^\circ\rm C$
--	--

9.1 Top-hat rail mounting

Simply clip the device onto the top-hat rail (EN 50 022) (see Fig. 5).



9.2 Wall mounting

While pressing the latch (4) in the base of the device (Fig. 6, left) pull out the isolating amplifier securing brackets(1). To return the brackets to their original positions, the latch (5) in the base of the device has to be depressed before applying pressure to the securing brackets (1) (see Fig. 6, right)

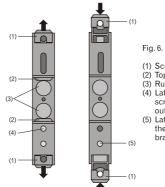


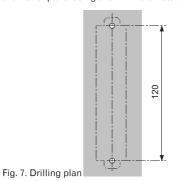
Fig. 6. Rear of device (1) Screw hole brackets (2) Top-hat rail clip (3) Rubber buffers (4) Latch for pulling the screw hole brackets out (5) Latch for pushing the screw hole bracket in

Note that, ... Ο

- ... the data required to perform the electrical insulation task agree with the data on the nameplate of the THETA 601 Transducer $(-\odot)$ input E, \bigcirc output A and $\rightarrow \bigcirc$ power supply H !)
- ... the total loop resistance connected to the output (receiver plus leads) does not exceed the maximum permissible value R_{ext} max. See "Measuring Output" in sec. "6. Technical data" for the maximum values of R...!
- ... the input and output cables should be twisted pairs and run as far as possible away from heavy current cables ! In all other respects, observe all local regulations when selecting the type of electrical cable and installing them !

Front 1 6 11 øøe 2 7 12 øøe THETA 60I \odot ON ON Green LED for 00 38 device standing by Ø Ø 4 9 00 5 10 Without With transparent cover transparent cover 12 1 6 11 2 7 4 9 5 10 11+ U1+ 12+ U2+ →O H - 🟵 E 1 -Ò ↔ θ E2 A1 Ă2 E1 = Input 1 E2 = Input 2A1 = Output 1

Drill 2 holes in the wall or panel as shown in the drilling pattern (Fig. 7). Now secure the power pack to the wall or panel using two 4 mm diameter screws.



The electrical connections are made to screw terminals

which are easily accessible from the front of the power

pack and can accommodate wire gauges up to max.

Make sure that the cables are not live

The 230 V power supply is potentially

when making the connections !

10. Electrical connections

dangerous !

2.5 mm².

Notes

10.1 Connecting the measuring input leads

-	-	-
Measurement/Application	Input 1	Input 2
DC Current measurement	1 (–), 6 (l1+)	2 (–), 7 (l2+)
DC Voltage measurement	1 (–), 11 (U1+)	2 (–), 12 (U2+)

10.2 Connecting the measuring output leads

Connect the measuring output leads A1 to terminals 4(-) and 9(+), the leads A2 to terminals 3(-) and 8(+).

Note : Take care that the amplifier's maximum permissible external burden Revt is not exceeded (see section "6.Technical data").

10.3 Connecting the Power supply leads

Connect the power supply leads to terminals 5(≂) and 10(±)

A two-pole switch must be included in the supply connection where facility for switching THETA 601 Transducer off is desired.

Note: An external supply fuse with a repture capacity \leq 20 Å must be provided for DC supply voltage > 125 V.

11. Configuration

The THETA 60I Transducer unit has to be opened before it can be configured (see section "8. Withdrawing and inserting the device").

11.1 Standard input ranges

Soldered jumpers are provided for the coarse setting of the input ranges and the fine adjustment is accomplished using the potentiometers "Zero" and "Span".

100 must be added to the designations of the soldered jumpers in the table for channel 1 and 200 for channel 2.

(Example : Input range for input 1 and input 2 = 0...20mA. Jumpers 1,5,6 and 11 must be inserted for this range.

- The corresponding jumpers for channel 1 are B101, B105, B106 and B111.

- The corresponding jumpers for channel 2 are B201, B205, B206 and B211.

Current [mA]		Soldered jum	oers
0 0.1 0 0.2 0 0.5 0 1 0 5 0 5 0 10 0 20	1, 3 1, 3 1, 4 1, 4 1, 4 1, 5 1, 5 1, 5	7, 10, 11 8, 11 9, 10, 11 7, 10, 11 8, 11 6, 7, 8, 10, 11 10, 11 6, 11	
0.2 1 1 5 2 10 4 20	1, 4 1, 4 1, 5 1, 5	8, 10, 11 6, 9 6, 7, 10, 11 6, 7, 8, 11	12, 15 12, 15 12, 15 12, 15 12, 15
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	1, 3 1, 3 1, 4 1, 4 1, 4 1, 5 1, 5 1, 5	8, 11 7, 9 7, 10, 11 8, 11 6, 9 10, 11 6, 11 6, 7	$\begin{array}{c} 13, 14, 16\\ 13, 14, 16\\ 13, 14, 16\\ 13, 14, 16\\ 13, 14, 16\\ 13, 14, 16\\ 13, 14, 16\\ 13, 14, 16\\ 13, 14, 16\\ 13, 14, 16\end{array}$
Voltage [V]		Soldered jum	oers
0 0.06 0 0.1 0 0.2 0 0.5 0 1 0 2 0 5 0 10 0 20 0 40 0.2 1	2 2 2 1 1 1 2	6, 9, 10, 11 7, 8, 10, 11 6, 8, 9, 11 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 6, 7, 8, 10, 11 7, 8, 9, 11 8, 10 10, 11 6, 11 8 9, 10, 11	12, 15
- 0.1 0 + 0.1	2 2 1 1	6, 8, 9, 10 6, 7, 10, 11 6, 7, 8, 11 6, 8, 9, 11	12, 15 12, 15 12, 15 12, 15 13, 14, 16
- 0.1 0 + 0.1		0,0,9,11	10, 14, 10

-	0.2	0 + 0.2		6, 7, 9, 10	13, 14, 16
-	0.5	0 + 0.5	2	7, 8, 10, 11	13, 14, 16
-	1	0 + 1	2	7, 8, 9, 11	13, 14, 16
-	2	0 + 2	2	6, 8, 9, 10	13, 14, 16
-	5	0 + 5	1	10, 11	13, 14, 16
-	10	0 +10	1	6, 11	13, 14, 16
-	20	0+20	1	8	13, 14, 16

11.2 Standard output ranges

Soldered jumpers are provided for the coarse setting of the output ranges and the fine adjustment is accomplished using the potentiometers "Zero" and "Span".

Current [mA]	Soldered Channel 1	jumpers Channel 2	Voltage [V]	Soldered Channel 1	jumpers Channel 2
0 20	B120	B220	0 10	B120 B122 B123	B220 B222 B223
4 20	B121	B221	2 10	B121 B122 B123	B221 B222 B223
± 20	_	_	± 10	B122 B123	B222 B223

11.3 Specific user output ranges

Units that have been configured for a specific user output range cannot be subsequently reconfigured.

Snan Zero 3 Span 2 Zero =====

14. Releasing the isolating amplifier

Release the isolating amplifier from a top-hat rail as shown in Fig. 9.

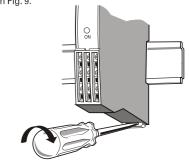


Fig. 9.

15. Dimensional drawings

17.5+0.5

Fig. 8. Position of the soldered jumpers B.... Potentiometer "Zero" and "Span".

12. Commissioning

or

13. Maintenance

No maintenance is required.

Switch on the measuring inputs and the power supply. The green LED lights continuously after switching on.

> The power supply unit must be capable of supplying a brief current surge when

switching on. The instruments presents a

.... $I_{start} \ge 160 \text{ mA}$ for the version with a

which requires a current Istart of ...

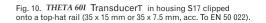
power supply range of 24 - 60 V DC/AC

supply range of

85 - 230 V DC/AC

low impedance at the instant of switching

.... $I_{start} \ge 35 \text{ mA}$ for the version with a power



146.5

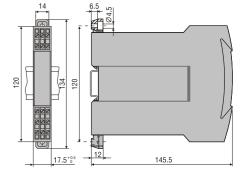


Fig. 11. THETA 60I Transducer in housing S17, screw hole mounting brackets pulled out.